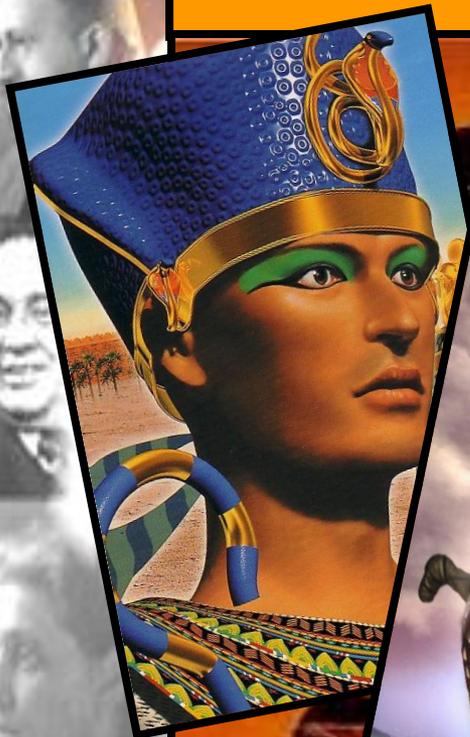


DR. HARTNELL

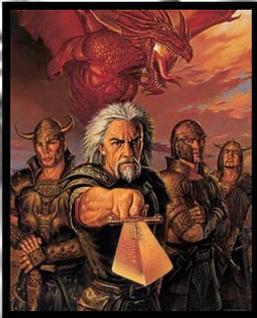


Dawn of Dirt





TODAY'S UNIT & LESSON



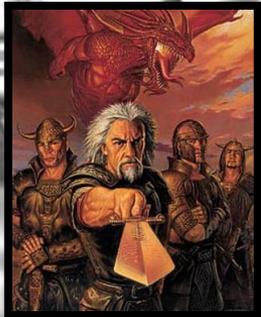
Unit #1:
*Dawn
of Dirt*

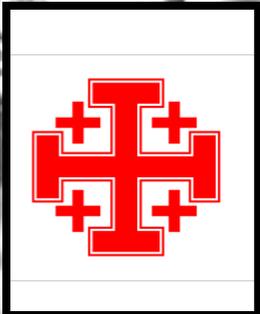
Lesson 13
(MW 1.13)



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!







CRUSADES:

The **Crusades** were a series of bloody wars between Christianity and Islam.

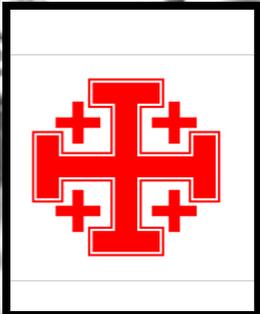
Christians wanted the Holy Land (Jerusalem) back.

They lasted 177 years, from 1095-1272.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!





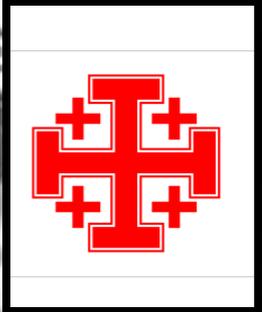
BACKGROUND:

Islam is the youngest of the major world religions, having **started in 610 AD.**

It started **in Mecca**, in modern-day Saudi Arabia.



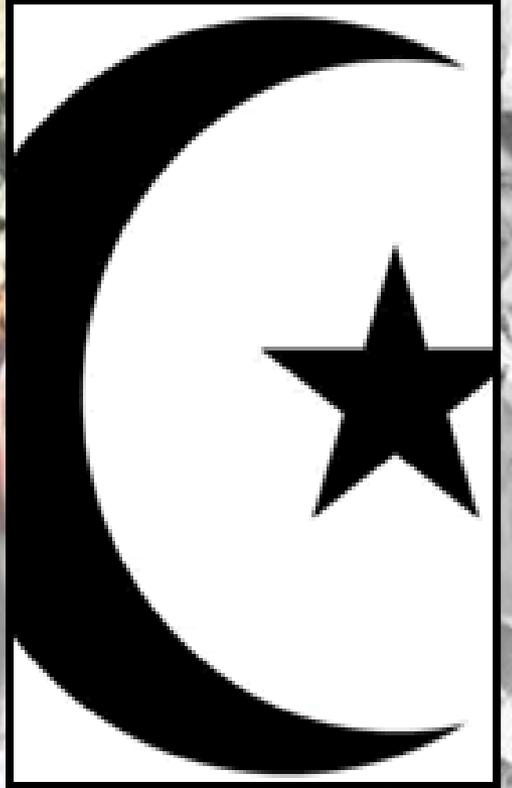
Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



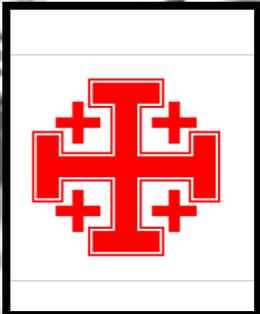
BACKGROUND:

In the year **610 AD**, at the age of 40, Muhammad received his first verbal revelation from God (which they call Allah).

Muhammad believed that he had been **called on by Allah** to be a **prophet** and teacher of a **new faith** called Islam, which literally means “submission”.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!

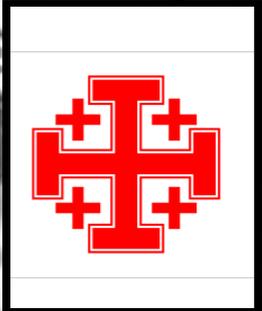


BACKGROUND:

Muslims believe Muhammad is the last and final messenger of Allah, thus making him the most important.

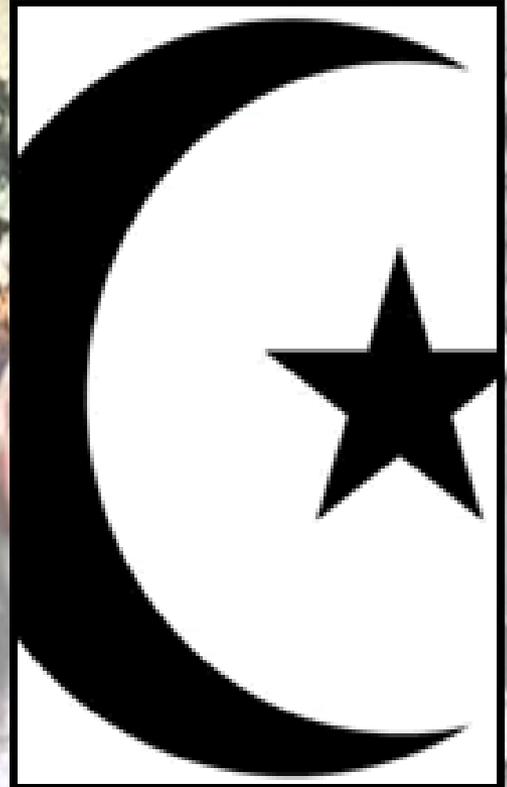


Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!

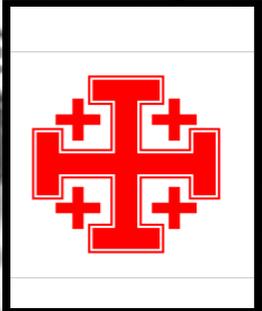


BACKGROUND:

In **622 AD**, Muhammad fled the plotters of his death in Mecca and traveled to Medina (called the Hijra). This journey officially marked the beginning of the Islamic Calendar (which is about 578 years behind the Gregorian Calendar).



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!

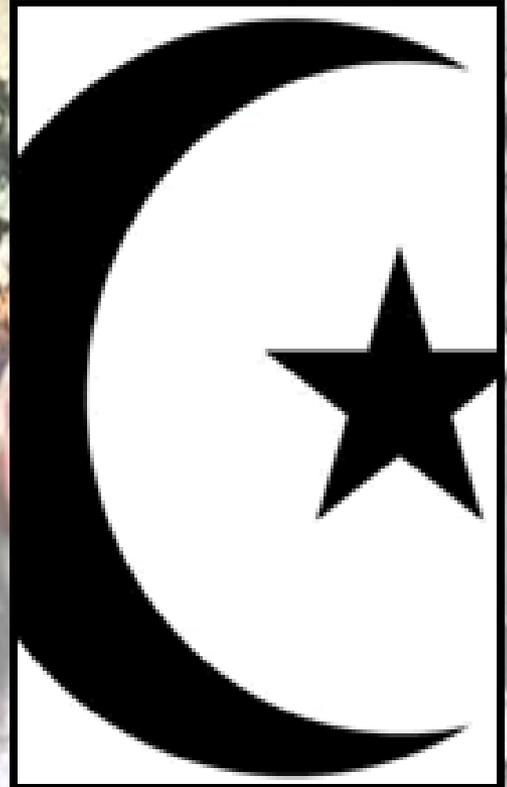


BACKGROUND:

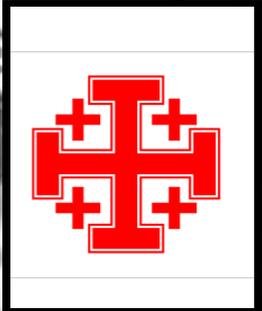
Today, there are **1.8 billion Muslims**; **second largest religion**.

The **Quran** (or spelled Koran) is the **holy book** of Islam.

Muslims worship in mosques; **crescent moon and star** is symbol.

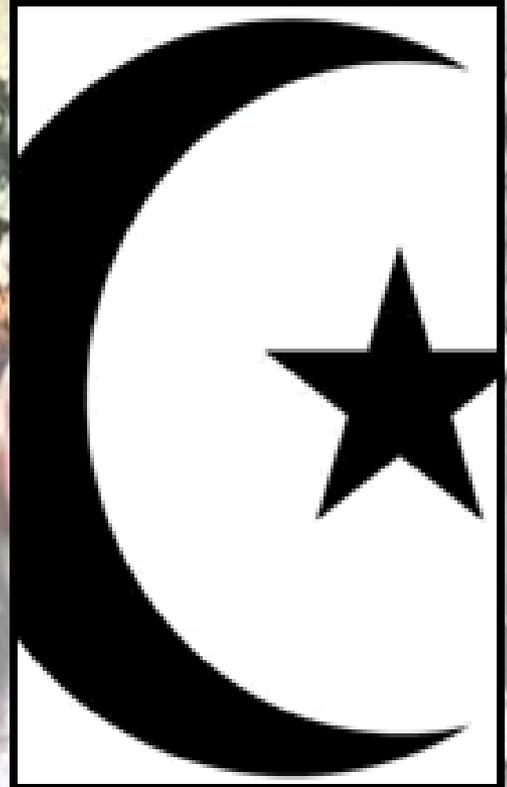


Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!

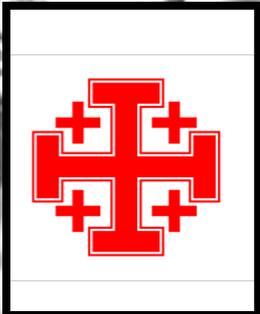


BACKGROUND:

When Muhammad died in 632, there was debate over who should replace him as leader. This result in a **split in Islam**, and two major sects emerged: the **Sunnis** and the **Shiites**.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



BACKGROUND:

Shiites felt Muhammad's successor should be someone in his bloodline.

Sunnis didn't think it had to be a blood relative – rather, a pious individual who would follow Muhammad's customs would work.

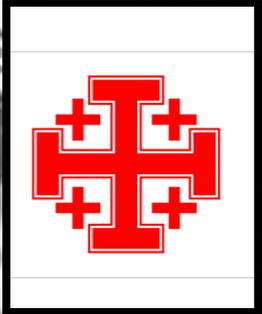


**Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!**



BACKGROUND:

Both Sunnis and Shiites read the Quran, believe Muhammad was the last messenger of Allah, fast during Ramadan (which commemorates when the Quran was revealed to Muhammad), pledge to make a pilgrimage to Mecca, pray five times a day, and **follow the Five Pillars of Islam** (“rules”).



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



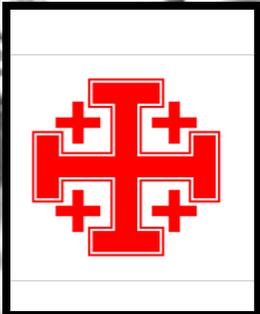


BACKGROUND:

Prayer rituals differ only slightly – Shiites stand with their hands at their sides; Sunnis put their hands on their stomachs.

Both believe in Islamic law but have different applications for it.





BACKGROUND:

The great majority (85-90%) of the world's Muslims are Sunnis (roughly 1.4 billion).

Shiites make up 10-15% (or less than 200 million).

Sunnis can be found all over world; Shiites mostly in Iran, Iraq, Syria, Lebanon, Yemen.

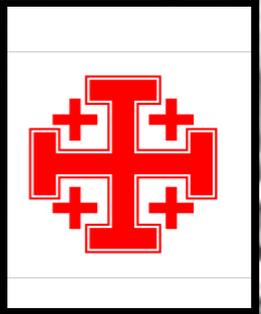


Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



BACKGROUND:

In the **7th Century (600s AD)**
Arabs conquered Palestine.



At the time, many European
Christians were not concerned
with the loss of Jerusalem.



They were busy fighting off the
Vikings.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



BACKGROUND:

In **1009**, the **Muslim Caliph** (like the Catholic Pope) had the **church in Jerusalem destroyed**. This **church** had been **built on Golgotha**, the **hill** where **Jesus Christ** was **crucified**.

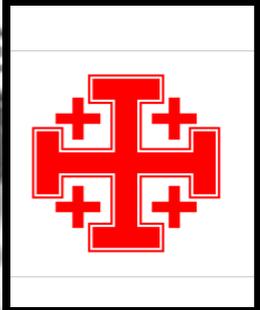


Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



BACKGROUND:

The Byzantine Empire rebuilt it, but Muslims attacked Christian pilgrims.



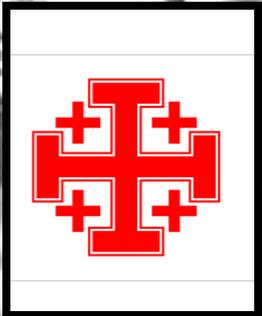
In **1071**, Muslims crushed Byzantine Army at Manzikert.



The **Byzantine** Empire **could not protect** Eastern **Christianity** any longer.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



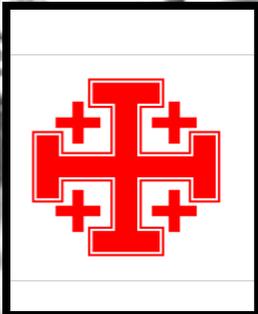
BACKGROUND:

The Byzantine Empire began to **ask for troops** and support **from Europe.**

For European Christians, Islam now posed a threat to their culture and religion... and something had to be done.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



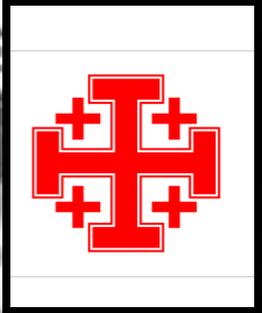
BACKGROUND:

The Popes struggled with the idea of a holy war and the shedding of blood in the name of the Lord.

Eventually, they agreed on “justified violence”.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



BACKGROUND:

Pope Urban II believed a Crusade would benefit Christianity.

It could reunite Christendom, strengthen the Papacy, and bring the East under his control.

**But the real reason was...
ECONOMICS!**

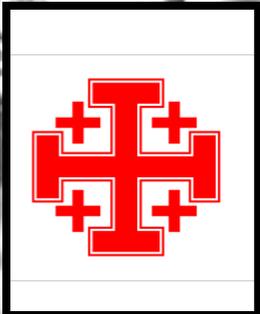


**Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!**



BACKGROUND:

In **1095**, Pope Urban delivered a speech in France.



He called for Christians to free Jerusalem.



He offered incentives such as a “guaranteed” spot in Heaven if they fought (and died) in the Crusades.

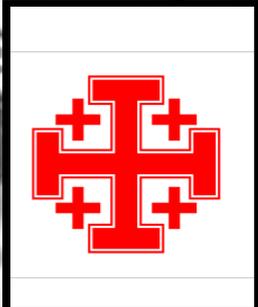


Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



CRUSADES:

There were **9 major Crusades** and **3 smaller ones** (that go unnumbered).



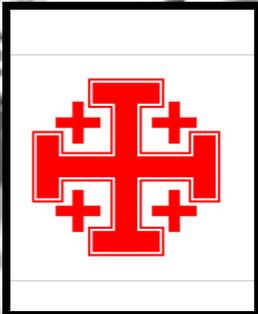
The Crusades got off to a bad start.



A mob of 50,000 descended on Constantinople as a general meeting place.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



CRUSADES:

On their way, these “peasant armies” made detours to massacre Jews... in the name of Christianity.

The **Crusaders** besieged Jerusalem and won in July **1099**, in which many of the **Muslims** were **massacred**.

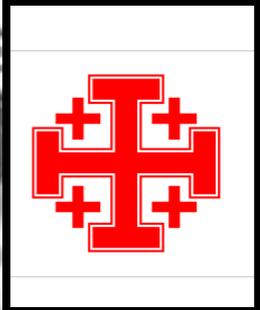


Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



CRUSADES:

After achieving their goal of retaking Jerusalem, many were ready to go home.

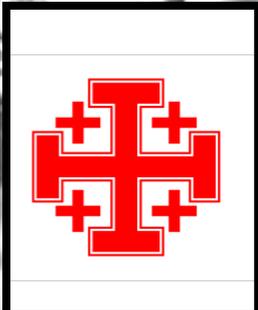


The Pope, however, wanted a permanent Christian presence in the Middle East.



Pope saw a chance for lucrative trade.





CRUSADES:

The result was the establishment of 4 Crusader states:

1. Edessa (1098-1149)

2. Antioch (1098-1268)

3. Jerusalem (1099-1291)

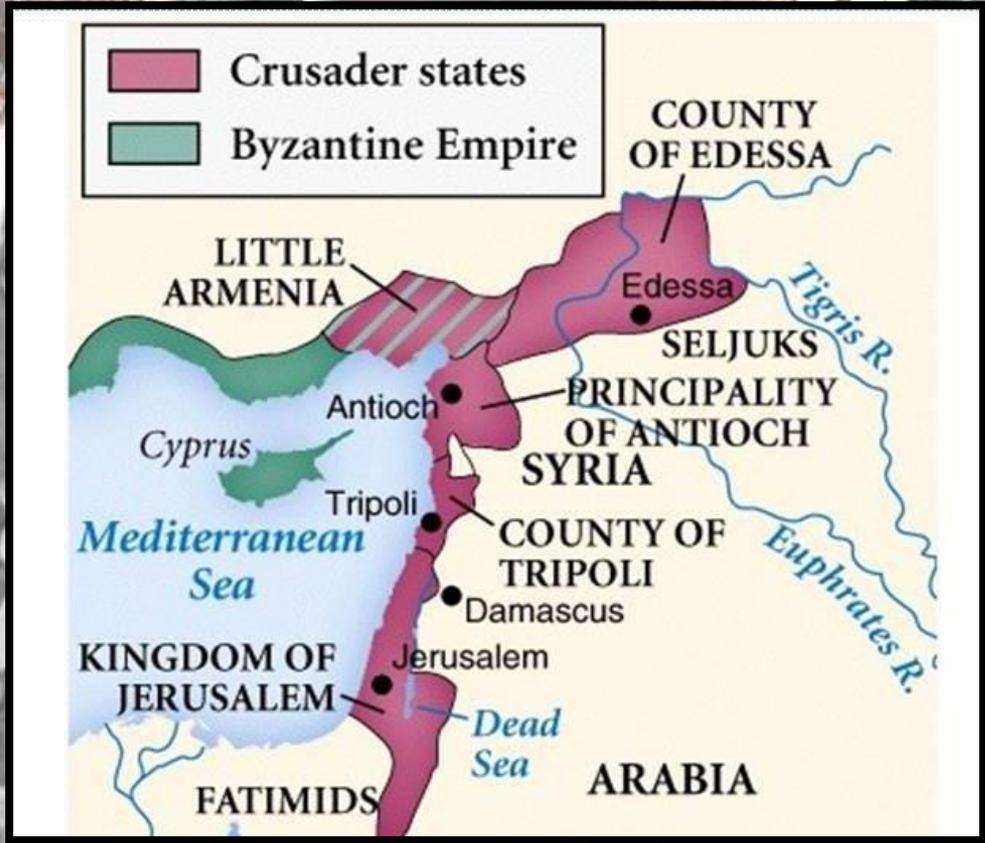
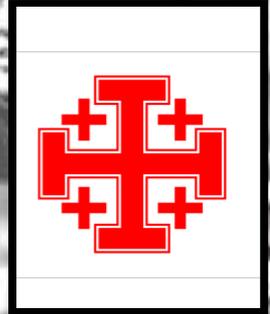
4. Tripoli (1102-1289)



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



CRUSADES:



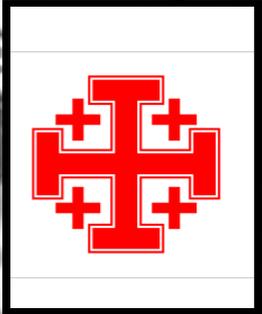
Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!





CRUSADES:

As these states were attacked by Muslims, additional Crusades were launched.



These Crusades went from bad to worse.



They turned into bloody massacres by both sides.

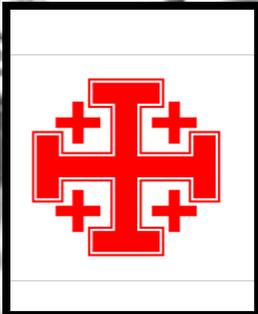


Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



CRUSADES:

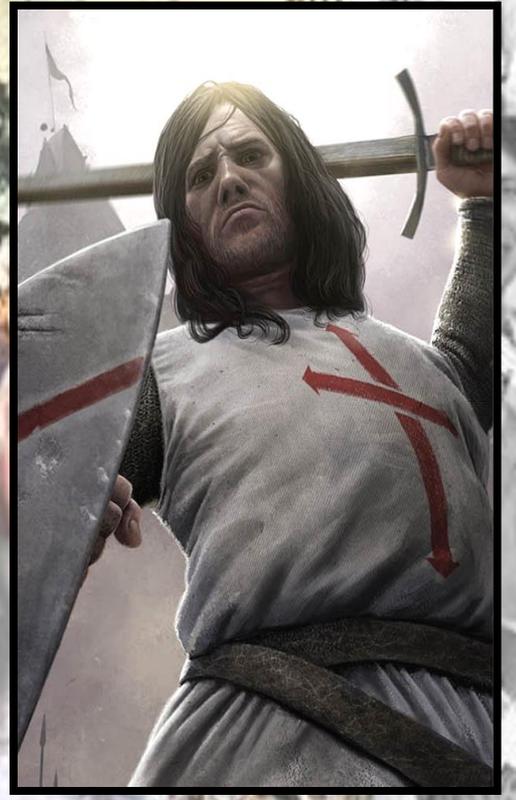
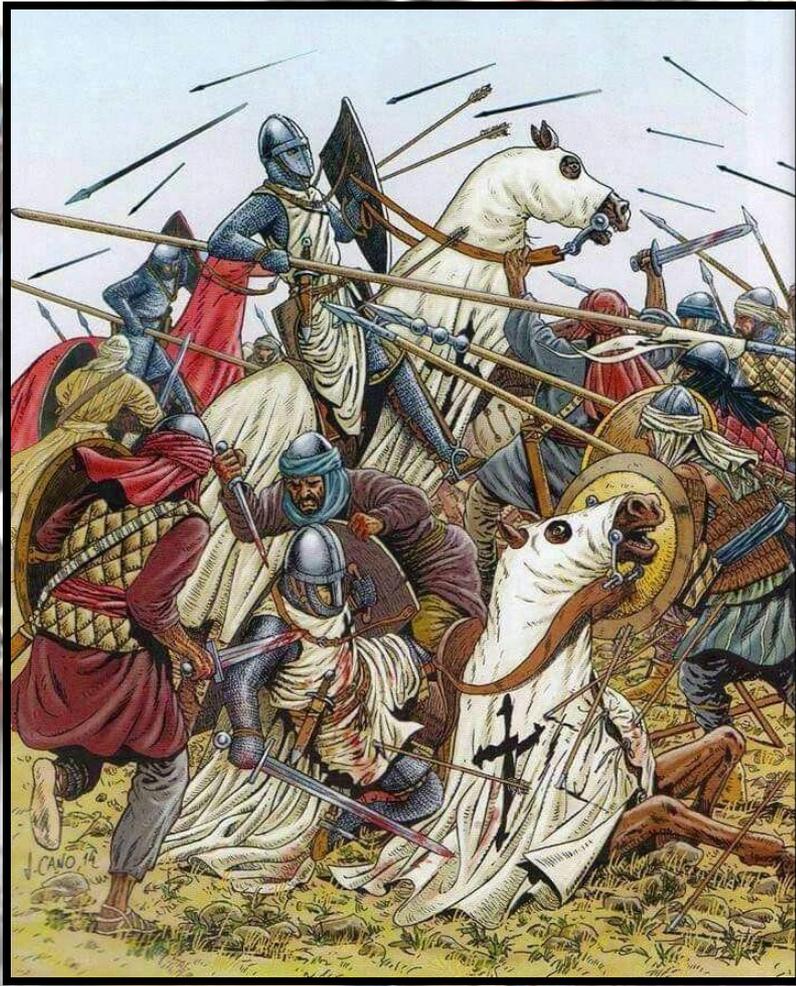
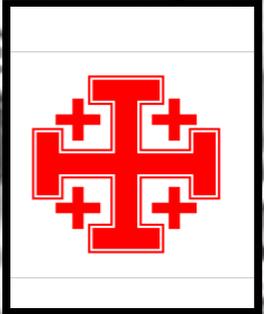
Thus, when judged by historians, the Crusades **were** a collective **failure**.



In **1187**, the **Muslims** recaptured **Jerusalem**, and **all 4** of the Crusader **states** collapsed by the end of the **13th Century**.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



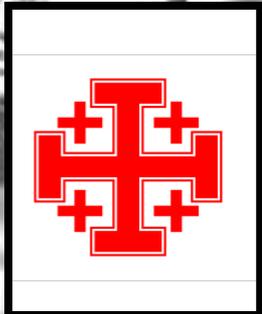
Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



CHILDREN'S CRUSADE:

The Children's Crusade (1212) is the name given to a possibly fictional story.

It is about the attempt to free Jerusalem by a 12-year-old French boy named Stephen of Cloyes.





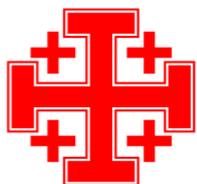
CHILDREN'S CRUSADE:

Stephen claimed he had been visited by Jesus Christ.

Jesus Christ told Stephen to lead the next Crusade.

Soon, 30,000 children joined Stephen's cause.

None were older than 12.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!

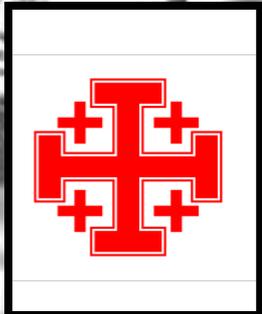




CHILDREN'S CRUSADE:

Stephen led his followers to the Mediterranean Sea, which he believed would part so that he and his followers could march through to Jerusalem.

This did not happen.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



CHILDREN'S CRUSADE:

Instead, 2 merchants gave passage to the children on 7 boats.

Two boats sank in a storm.

Five boats went to Africa where the children were sold into slavery and prostitution.



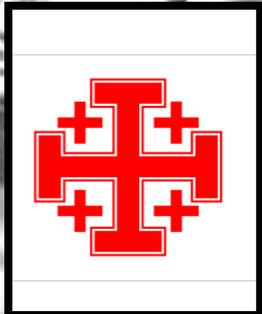
Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



CHILDREN'S CRUSADE:

THE END!

**Worst.
Story.
EVER.**

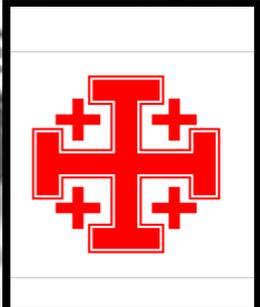


**Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!**



CONSEQUENCES:

The **Crusades** influenced the Middle Ages.



They were **part of European expansion and colonialism.**



Islamic thought was transferred to the **West** during the Crusades.

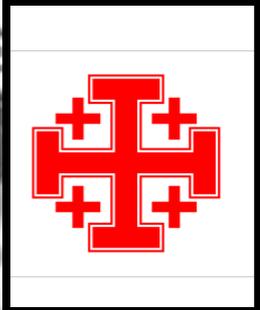


Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



CONSEQUENCES:

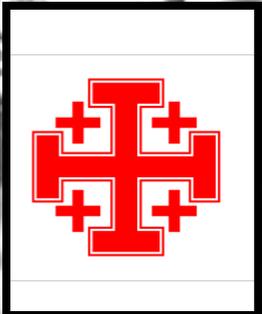
The **idea of stone castles** was taken back West.



The Crusades also **aided** the **beginning of the Renaissance** because **Italians profited from visiting Crusaders** and through trade with the Crusader states.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



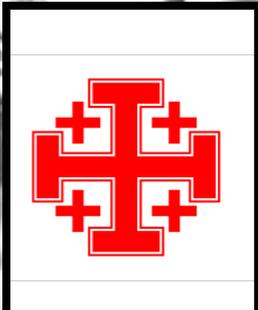
CONSEQUENCES:

When **Muslims cut off trade along the Silk Road**, it forced **Spain and Portugal to seek trade routes to India and China by sea.** (Remember that **Columbus guy?**)

Europe's focus then shifted from the Mediterranean Sea to the Atlantic Ocean.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!



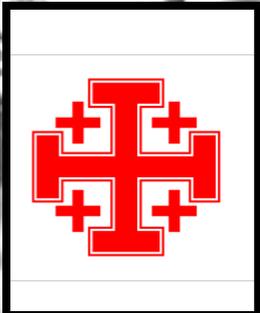
CONSEQUENCES:

The Crusaders' atrocities against Jews created animosity between Judaism and Christianity for centuries.

Anti-Jewish legislation (or laws) was the turning point in the Medieval history of the Jews.



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!

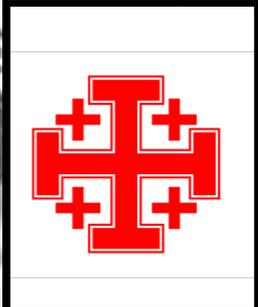


CONSEQUENCES:

As for the Islamic world, the Crusades were regarded as cruel and savage onslaughts.

For many Muslims, the word “Crusade” still conjures up images of Western violence and religious genocide.





CONSEQUENCES:

At one point, America's "War on Terrorism" was improperly referred to as a "Crusade" by President George W. Bush until the Muslim understanding of the term was pointed out.

To this day, the scars of the Crusades remain.



WHAT
DID WE
LEARN
TODAY?



135 LIVE!



FAST 5: UNIT 1, LESSON 13 (MW 1.13)

QUESTION 1 

1. TBA



**Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!**



FAST 5: UNIT 1, LESSON 13 (MW 1.13)

QUESTION 2 

2. TBA



**Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!**



FAST 5: UNIT 1, LESSON 13 (MW 1.13)

QUESTION 3 

3. TBA



**Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!**



FAST 5: UNIT 1, LESSON 13 (MW 1.13)

QUESTION 4 



4 . TBA



**Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!**



FAST 5: UNIT 1, LESSON 13 (MW 1.13)

QUESTION 5 

5. TBA



-  **THINK**
-  **CHECK**
-  **SUBMIT**



Dr. Hartnell's
135 LIVE!